Driving under the influence of cannabis, alcohol, and illicit drugs among adults in the United States from 2016 to 2020

Public data was used from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH).

1 in 10 US adults reported driving under the influence (DUI) of any substance

Driving under the influence of any substance (DUI)
- Decreased among the US adult population

Driving under the influence of alcohol (DUIA)
- Decreased among US adult population

Driving under the influence of cannabis (DUIC)
- Nearly 1 in 4 people who used cannabis in the past year reported driving under the influence of cannabis

Driving under the influence of drugs other than cannabis (DUID)
- No significant changes, but females, those ages 26-34, and adults ages 65+ displayed increasing trends

DUI remains an important public health concern in the US. Our results indicate that there are population subgroups that may benefit from impaired driving prevention interventions.